PREVAILED	Roll Call No
FAILED	Ayes
WITHDRAWN	Noes
RULED OUT OF ORDER	

HOUSE MOTION

MR. SPEAKER:

I move that Engrossed Senate Bill 117 be amended to read as follows:

1	Delete the title and insert the following:
2	A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning
3	taxation.
4	Page 1, between the enacting clause and line 1, begin a new
5	paragraph and insert:
6	"SECTION 1. IC 6-3-1-3.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.246-2005,
7	SECTION 69, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
8	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006]: Sec. 3.5. When used in this article, the
9	term "adjusted gross income" shall mean the following:
10	(a) In the case of all individuals, "adjusted gross income" (as defined
11	in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code), modified as follows:
12	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
13	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
14	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction or deductions allowed
15	or allowable pursuant to Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code
16	for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state
17	level by any state of the United States.
18	(3) Subtract one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or in the case of a joint
19	return filed by a husband and wife, subtract for each spouse one
20	thousand dollars (\$1,000).
21	(4) Subtract one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for:
22	(A) each of the exemptions provided by Section 151(c) of the
23	Internal Revenue Code;
24	(B) each additional amount allowable under Section 63(f) of
25	the Internal Revenue Code: and

(C) the spouse of the taxpayer if a separate return is made by 1 2 the taxpayer and if the spouse, for the calendar year in which 3 the taxable year of the taxpayer begins, has no gross income 4 and is not the dependent of another taxpayer. 5 (5) Subtract: 6 (A) one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) for each of the 7 exemptions allowed under Section 151(c)(1)(B) of the Internal 8 Revenue Code for taxable years beginning after December 31, 9 1996; and 10 (B) five hundred dollars (\$500) for each additional amount allowable under Section 63(f)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code 11 12 if the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer, or the taxpayer 13 and the taxpayer's spouse in the case of a joint return, is less 14 than forty thousand dollars (\$40,000). 15 This amount is in addition to the amount subtracted under 16 subdivision (4). 17 (6) Subtract an amount equal to the lesser of: 18 (A) that part of the individual's adjusted gross income (as 19 defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code) for that 20 taxable year that is subject to a tax that is imposed by a 21 political subdivision of another state and that is imposed on or 22 measured by income; or 23 (B) two thousand dollars (\$2,000). 24 (7) Add an amount equal to the total capital gain portion of a lump 25 sum distribution (as defined in Section 402(e)(4)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code) if the lump sum distribution is received 26 27 by the individual during the taxable year and if the capital gain 28 portion of the distribution is taxed in the manner provided in 29 Section 402 of the Internal Revenue Code. 30 (8) Subtract any amounts included in federal adjusted gross 31 income under Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code as a 32 recovery of items previously deducted as an itemized deduction 33 from adjusted gross income. 34 (9) Subtract any amounts included in federal adjusted gross income under the Internal Revenue Code which amounts were 35 36 received by the individual as supplemental railroad retirement annuities under 45 U.S.C. 231 and which are not deductible under 37 38 subdivision (1). 39 (10) Add an amount equal to the deduction allowed under Section 40 221 of the Internal Revenue Code for married couples filing joint 41 returns if the taxable year began before January 1, 1987. 42 (11) Add an amount equal to the interest excluded from federal 43 gross income by the individual for the taxable year under Section 44 128 of the Internal Revenue Code if the taxable year began before 45 January 1, 1985. (12) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of federal Social 46

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Security and Railroad Retirement benefits included in a taxpayer's

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1 federal gross income by Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code. 2 (13) In the case of a nonresident taxpayer or a resident taxpayer 3 residing in Indiana for a period of less than the taxpayer's entire 4 taxable year, the total amount of the deductions allowed pursuant 5 to subdivisions (3), (4), (5), and (6) shall be reduced to an amount 6 which bears the same ratio to the total as the taxpayer's income 7 taxable in Indiana bears to the taxpayer's total income. 8 (14) In the case of an individual who is a recipient of assistance 9 under IC 12-10-6-1, IC 12-10-6-2.1, IC 12-15-2-2, or IC 12-15-7, 10 subtract an amount equal to that portion of the individual's adjusted gross income with respect to which the individual is not 11 12 allowed under federal law to retain an amount to pay state and 13 local income taxes. 14 (15) In the case of an eligible individual, subtract the amount of 15 a Holocaust victim's settlement payment included in the 16 individual's federal adjusted gross income. 17 (16) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, subtract an amount equal to the portion of any premiums paid 18 19 during the taxable year by the taxpayer for a qualified long term 20 care policy (as defined in IC 12-15-39.6-5) for the taxpayer or the 21 taxpayer's spouse, or both. 22 (17) Subtract an amount equal to the lesser of: 23 (A) for a taxable year: 24 (i) including any part of 2004, the amount determined under 25 subsection (f); and 26 (ii) beginning after December 31, 2004, two thousand five 27 hundred dollars (\$2,500); or 28 (B) the amount of property taxes that are paid during the 29 taxable year in Indiana by the individual on the individual's 30 principal place of residence. 31 (18) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 11 32 terrorist attack settlement payment included in the individual's 33 federal adjusted gross income. 34 (19) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted 35 gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus 36 depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an 37 earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income 38 that would have been computed had an election not been made 39 under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus 40 depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in 41 service. 42 (20) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 43 172 of the Internal Revenue Code. 44 (21) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted 45 gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as 46 defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service

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in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the

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amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not been made for the year in which the property was placed in service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000). (22) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed as a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable year under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal

- (23) In the case of an individual who is employed by a taxpayer that claims a credit under IC 6-3.1-25-9, add the amount of the individual's eligible benefits as provided in IC 6-3.1-25-15(a) or IC 6-3.1-25-15(b).
- (b) In the case of corporations, the same as "taxable income" (as defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code) adjusted as follows:

income tax purposes.

- (1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
- (2) Add an amount equal to any deduction or deductions allowed or allowable pursuant to Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (3) Add an amount equal to any deduction or deductions allowed or allowable pursuant to Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state level by any state of the United States.
- (4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the corporation's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election not been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in service.
- (6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not been made for the year in which the property was placed in service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).

- (8) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed as a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable year under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal income tax purposes.
- (c) In the case of life insurance companies (as defined in Section 816(a) of the Internal Revenue Code) that are organized under Indiana law, the same as "life insurance company taxable income" (as defined in Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code), adjusted as follows:
 - (1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
 - (2) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed or allowable under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code.
 - (3) Add an amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable under Section 805 or Section 831(c) of the Internal Revenue Code for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state level by any state.
 - (4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the company's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code.
 - (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election not been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in service.
 - (6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 or Section 810 of the Internal Revenue Code.
 - (7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not been made for the year in which the property was placed in service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).
 - (8) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed as a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable year under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal income tax purposes.
- (d) In the case of insurance companies subject to tax under Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code and organized under Indiana law, the same as "taxable income" (as defined in Section 832 of the Internal Revenue Code), adjusted as follows:
 - (1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article

by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.

- (2) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed or allowable under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (3) Add an amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable under Section 805 or Section 831(c) of the Internal Revenue Code for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state level by any state.
- (4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the company's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election not been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in service.
- (6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not been made for the year in which the property was placed in service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).
- (8) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed as a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable year under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal income tax purposes.
- (e) In the case of trusts and estates, "taxable income" (as defined for trusts and estates in Section 641(b) of the Internal Revenue Code) adjusted as follows:
 - (1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
 - (2) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 11 terrorist attack settlement payment included in the federal adjusted gross income of the estate of a victim of the September 11 terrorist attack or a trust to the extent the trust benefits a victim of the September 11 terrorist attack.
 - (3) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income

1 that would have been computed had an election not been made 2 under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus 3 depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in 4 5 (4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 6 172 of the Internal Revenue Code. 7 (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted 8 gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as 9 defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service 10 in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed 11 12 had an election for federal income tax purposes not been made for 13 the year in which the property was placed in service to take 14 deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code in a 15 total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000). 16 (6) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed as 17 a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable year under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal 18 19 income tax purposes. 20 (f) This subsection applies only to the extent that an individual paid 21 property taxes in 2004 that were imposed for the March 1, 2002, 22 assessment date or the January 15, 2003, assessment date. The 23 maximum amount of the deduction under subsection (a)(17) is equal to 24 the amount determined under STEP FIVE of the following formula: 25 STEP ONE: Determine the amount of property taxes that the taxpayer paid after December 31, 2003, in the taxable year for 26 27 property taxes imposed for the March 1, 2002, assessment date and the January 15, 2003, assessment date. 28 29 STEP TWO: Determine the amount of property taxes that the 30 taxpayer paid in the taxable year for the March 1, 2003, 31 assessment date and the January 15, 2004, assessment date. 32 STEP THREE: Determine the result of the STEP ONE amount 33 divided by the STEP TWO amount. 34 STEP FOUR: Multiply the STEP THREE amount by two 35 thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500). 36 STEP FIVE: Determine the sum of the STEP FOUR amount and two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500). 37 SECTION 2. IC 6-3.1-25 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE 38 AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 39

45 (2) does not offer coverage for health care services under a
46 self-funded health benefit plan that complies with the federal

Chapter 25. Credit for Offering Health Benefit Plans

Sec. 1. This chapter applies to an employer that:

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JULY 1, 2006]:

located in Indiana; and

47 Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C.

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(1) employs at least ten (10) full-time employees who are

1	1001 et seq.).
2	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "eligible benefits" means, with
3	respect to an employee of a taxpayer that claims a credit under
4	section 9 of this chapter, the total amount of health insurance
5	premiums not included in the employee's federal adjusted gross
6	income (as defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code
7	during a taxable year under the health benefit plan offered by the
8	employer.
9	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "eligible taxpayer" means a
10	taxpayer that did not provide health insurance to the taxpayer's
11	employees in the taxable year immediately preceding the firs
12	taxable year for which the taxpayer claims a credit under this
13	chapter.
14	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "full-time employee" means ar
15	employee who is normally scheduled to work at least thirty (30
16	hours each week.
17	Sec. 5. (a) As used in this chapter, "health benefit plan" means
18	coverage for health care services provided under:
19	(1) an insurance policy that provides one (1) or more of the
20	types of insurance described in Class 1(b) or Class 2(a) o
21	IC 27-1-5-1; or
22	(2) a contract with a health maintenance organization for
23	coverage of basic health care services under IC 27-13;
24	that satisfies the requirements of Section 125 of the Interna
25	Revenue Code.
26	(b) The term does not include the following:
27	(1) Accident only, credit, dental, vision, Medicare supplement
28	long term care, or disability income insurance.
29	(2) Coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance.
30	(3) Automobile medical payment insurance.
31	(4) A specified disease policy issued as an individual policy.
32	(5) A limited benefit health insurance policy issued as an
33	individual policy.
34	(6) A short term insurance plan that:
35	(A) may not be renewed; and
36	(B) has a duration of not more than six (6) months.
37	(7) A policy that provides a stipulated daily, weekly, or
38	monthly payment to an insured during hospital confinement
39	without regard to the actual expense of the confinement.
40	(8) Worker's compensation or similar insurance.
41	(9) A student health insurance policy.
42	Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "pass through entity" means a
43	(1) corporation that is exempt from the adjusted gross income
44	tax under IC 6-3-2-2.8(2);
45	(2) partnership;
46	(3) limited liability company; or

9 1 (4) limited liability partnership. 2 Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "state tax liability" means a 3 taxpayer's total tax liability that is incurred under: 4 (1) IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7 (adjusted gross income tax); 5 (2) IC 6-5.5 (financial institutions tax); and 6 (3) IC 27-1-18-2 (insurance premiums tax); 7 as computed after the application of the credits that under 8 IC 6-3.1-1-2 are to be applied before the credit provided by this 9 chapter. 10 Sec. 8. As used in this chapter, "taxpayer" means an individual 11 or entity that: 12 (1) has state tax liability; and 13 (2) employs at least ten (10) full-time employees who are 14 located in Indiana. 15 Sec. 9. (a) An eligible taxpayer that, after December 31, 2006, 16 makes health insurance available to the eligible taxpayer's 17 employees and their dependents through at least one (1) health 18 benefit plan is entitled to a credit against the taxpayer's state tax 19 liability for the first two (2) taxable years in which the taxpayer 20 makes the health benefit plan available if the following 21 requirements are met: 22 (1) An employee's participation in the health benefit plan is at 23 the employee's election. 24 (2) If an employee chooses to participate in the health benefit 25 plan, the employee may pay the employee's share of the cost 26 of the plan using a wage assignment authorized under 27 IC 22-2-6-2. 28 (b) The credit allowed under this chapter equals the lesser of: 29 (1) two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500); or 30 (2) fifty dollars (\$50) multiplied by the number of employees 31 enrolled in the health benefit plan during the taxable year. 32 Sec. 10. (a) An employer may pay or provide reimbursement for 33 all or part of the cost of a health benefit plan made available under 34 section 9 of this chapter. 35 (b) An employer that pays or provides reimbursement under 36 subsection (a) shall pay or provide reimbursement on an equal 37 basis for all full-time employees who elect to participate in the 38 health benefit plan. 39 Sec. 11. (a) If the amount determined under section 9 of this 40 chapter for a taxpayer in a taxable year exceeds the taxpayer's 41 state tax liability for that taxable year, the taxpayer may carry the 42 excess over to the following taxable years. The amount of the credit

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carryover from a taxable year shall be reduced to the extent that

the carryover is used by the taxpayer to obtain a credit under this

chapter for any subsequent taxable year. A taxpayer is not entitled

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to a carryback.

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- (b) A taxpayer is not entitled to a refund of any unused credit. Sec. 12. If a pass through entity does not have state income tax liability against which the tax credit may be applied, a shareholder or partner of the pass through entity is entitled to a tax credit equal to:
 - (1) the tax credit determined for the pass through entity for the taxable year; multiplied by
 - (2) the percentage of the pass through entity's distributive income to which the shareholder or partner is entitled.
- Sec. 13. To receive the credit provided by this chapter, a taxpayer must claim the credit on the taxpayer's state tax return or returns in the manner prescribed by the department. The taxpayer must submit to the department all information that the department determines is necessary to calculate the credit provided by this chapter and to determine the taxpayer's eligibility for the credit.
- Sec. 14. (a) A taxpayer claiming a credit under this chapter shall continue to make health insurance available to the taxpayer's employees through a health benefit plan for at least twenty-four (24) consecutive months beginning on the day after the last day of the taxable year in which the taxpayer first offers the health benefit plan.
- (b) If the taxpayer terminates the health benefit plan before the expiration of the period required under subsection (a), the taxpayer shall repay the department the amount of the credit received under section 9 of this chapter.
- Sec. 15. (a) An employee of a taxpayer that claims a credit under this chapter shall include in the employee's state adjusted gross income (as defined in IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)) the employee's eligible benefits for:
 - (1) the first taxable year in which the taxpayer offers the health benefit plan; and
 - (2) the taxable year immediately following the first taxable year in which the taxpayer offers the health benefit plan.
- (b) For each taxable year following the taxable year described in subsection (a)(2), a percentage of an employee's eligible benefits are included in the employee's state adjusted gross income (as defined in IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)) as follows:
 - (1) For an employee whose annual income derived from the taxpayer is forty thousand dollars (\$40,000) or less, zero percent (0%).
 - (2) For an employee whose annual income derived from the taxpayer is greater than forty thousand dollars (\$40,000) and less than eighty thousand dollars (\$80,000), fifty percent (50%).
 - (3) For an employee whose annual income derived from the taxpayer is eighty thousand dollars (\$80,000) or greater, one

1	hundred percent (100%).
2	(c) A taxpayer that claims a credit under this chapter shall
3	notify each of the taxpayer's employees of the amount included in
4	the employee's state adjusted gross income (as defined in
5	IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)) under subsection (a) at the same time the taxpayer
6	provides the employee with the employee's W-2 federal income tax
7	withholding statement for the taxable year.".
8	Page 4, between lines 10 and 11, begin a new paragraph and insert
9	"SECTION 8. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006] IC 6-3-1-3.5, as
0	amended by this act, applies only to taxable years beginning after
1	December 31, 2006.
2	SECTION 9. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006] IC 6-3.1-25, as added
3	by this act, applies only to taxable years beginning after December
4	31, 2006.".
5	Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.
	(Reference is to ESB 117 as printed February 14, 2006.)
	Representative Orentlicher